

reasons. But if we are going to allow the government to take away our liberty, to allow the Federal Government to say there is nothing you can do in this country, including breathe, unless you have the permission of the Federal Government to act in a certain way, and if you don't act in that certain way, you will be fined, and if you do not pay the fine you will be jailed, there is absolutely nothing left of the freedom that this country was based upon.

The former Vice President of the United States likes to talk about inconvenient truths. The great inconvenient truth in this country is the U.S. Constitution. Let us not fail in our fidelity to it.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until noon today.

Accordingly (at 10 o'clock and 55 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess until noon.

□ 1200

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. BLUMENAUER) at noon.

PRAYER

The Reverend Chris Williamson, Strong Tower Bible Church, Franklin, Tennessee, offered the following prayer:

Our Father, we thank You for this opportunity to gather together and seek Your wisdom. We acknowledge You as our great God and king, and it is our desire to do the things that please You.

In centuries past, You have proven Your love to us, and You have blessed us bountifully to the degree that we constantly ask You to bless America.

But Father, in these pressing times, we rise up and America chooses to bless You. We bless You for Your love. We bless You for Your grace. We bless You for Your power, and we bless You for Your son, the Lord Jesus Christ.

Please guide these men and women as they discuss matters today that affect so many people in our great Nation.

We promise to give Your name all of the praise for any good thing that happens as a result of our meeting together.

These and many other blessings we ask in the name of our Savior, Jesus Christ, Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. Lance) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. LANCE led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

HONORING THE REVEREND CHRIS WILLIAMSON

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Tennessee (Mrs. BLACKBURN) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Mrs. BLACKBURN. Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me today in welcoming Pastor Chris Williamson of Franklin, Tennessee, as he serves as our honorary chaplain for today.

He brings with him today the associate pastor from his church, Anthony Hendrix, and also a longtime friend of mine, Scott Roley, who is now the senior pastor of Christ Community Church.

The music industry is really what brought Pastor Williamson to middle Tennessee, and as his music performance career ended, however, he really felt a calling to the pulpit.

In 1995, he founded the Strong Tower Bible Church and has built Strong Tower into one of Franklin's most dynamic and well-known churches. My colleagues will be interested to know that Congressman JOE PITTS' son and his family attend Strong Tower. His commitment to racial reconciliation is evident through his work as an author, his mission work, as well as the intentional multiethnic and diverse background of his congregation. He is a devoted family man, and I appreciate the opportunity to represent his fine family in Congress.

Please join me in honoring him on his service to the House of Representatives today, and I wish him only the best in the years to come.

HEALTH CARE REFORM

(Mr. BOSWELL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BOSWELL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of the important strides Congress is making toward our Nation's health care reform.

I am pleased the Senate will be including a public option in their version of the health reform bill. A public option is absolutely essential. America's health insurance industry needs a mechanism that will level the playing field and protect consumers. The public option that we create must be fair and pay doctors and hospitals accordingly.

Many of us are very concerned that our rural doctors and hospitals are

having many troubles. That is why I support language that will direct the Institute of Medicine to study the Medicare reimbursement formula and direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services to fix these flawed reimbursements.

Medical professionals in my home State of Iowa were recently ranked second by the Commonwealth Foundation for providing some of the best care in the Nation. Yet when we are reimbursed by Medicare, they receive half as much per enrollee compared to many other States. Without fair pay, these providers will be pushed further into the red and out of Iowa and other States with the same problem.

The studies that we have proposed to revise Medicare reimbursement rates and create quality measures will pave the way.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. BOEHNER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BOEHNER. Mr. Speaker and my colleagues, as we stand here, the health care bill is being written in secret in Speaker PELOSI's office and over in the Senate by Senate Majority Leader HARRY REID, even though the President of the United States during his campaign made clear that these negotiations ought to be out in the public and we ought to have C-SPAN cameras in there to allow the American people to see who is fighting for what side. Yet, it is not happening. It is being written in secret.

And no wonder it is being written in secret because the Democrat majorities are doing exactly what the American people don't want: a big government-run plan. I wonder if the 53 new agencies, boards, commissions and mandates that were in the original House bill will continue to be in this bill that is being written in secret.

But this bill is in secret for one big reason. It is going to cost over \$1 trillion. It is going to raise taxes. It is going to have mandates on individuals. It is going to destroy jobs, and it is going to cut Medicare for our seniors.

What cuts to seniors are going to be in this bill? No one knows. All I know is that there were \$162 billion worth of cuts to Medicare Advantage in the original House bill, \$162 billion, and I have 27,000 Medicare Advantage enrollees in my district. And according to the Congressional Budget Office, some 80 percent of them are likely to lose their health coverage under this proposal.

Republicans have better solutions. Just go to healthcare.gov and see the Republican solutions that will help make our current system work better and not have this big government takeover of our health care delivery system.

BOOSTING SMALL BUSINESS LENDING

(Mr. MICHAUD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MICHAUD. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the President's effort to boost small business lending.

Later this week, we will be taking up a bill that my colleagues and I on the Small Business Committee drafted to do just that. Each year, the bill is expected to support \$44 billion in small business lending, helping to save or create 1.3 million jobs annually. Small businesses are the backbone of Maine's economy, and they are key to our economic recovery.

The recession and credit crunch have hurt small businesses' access to capital, and they cannot afford inaction. This bill will give them additional resources when they need it the most. I urge the Senate to join the House in passing a strong bill that we can get to the President's desk as soon as possible.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. CANTOR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I rise in the midst of the increasing momentum we detect on the other side to push through a government takeover of health care in our country. To me, it is about four distinct questions.

One, does anyone believe that the passage of a \$1 trillion bill, does anyone believe that won't aggravate the deficit? I think the answer is resoundingly "no."

Secondly, if it is going to be \$1 trillion, who is going to pay for that? Well, we know that the majority is talking about small businesses and seniors paying for that.

Third, does anyone really think that the health care overhaul being proposed is going to make your health care better? I don't think so.

And lastly, is there any guarantee that this government is not going to get in between you and your doctor? Mr. Speaker, I say to that, the answer is "no."

We Republicans have a better way. We believe we can accomplish reform aimed at the discrete problems that exist, to fix those, and then expand health care opportunities for those who do not currently have it.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. KENNEDY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. Speaker, the other side talks about the health care reform bill costing a lot of money. Right now, consumers in America are spending millions and millions of dol-

lars paying that to the insurance companies. One-third of the health care dollar goes to no such thing as health care; it goes to the insurance companies. That's why the Democratic proposal restricts the amount of money that insurance companies can spend on bureaucracy. That's where the out-of-pocket expenses actually go to health care. That sounds like a smart idea to me.

Furthermore, the insurance companies can no longer discriminate against preexisting conditions, no longer can discriminate against people who need health care. That sounds like a good idea.

Finally, talking about reducing deficit spending, this bill requires insurance companies to keep costs under control. That saves the government money and reduces the deficit because the biggest spender in health care is the Federal Government through entitlements.

I don't know why the other side is so hell-bent on protecting insurance companies' medical inflation that only adds to the deficit in this country.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. PENCE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PENCE. Mr. Speaker, at nearly \$1 trillion in spending and tax increases, the Democrat health care bill is a bad deal for taxpayers; but it is a worst deal for American seniors, and senior citizens deserve to know about it.

Included in the Democrat health care plan are massive cuts in Medicare Advantage, \$162 billion in reductions in this popular program. As a result, Medicare Advantage plans will drop out of the program, limiting seniors' choices and causing many to lose their current health care coverage through Medicare Advantage. This will have an exceptionally negative impact in rural areas, like my district of eastern Indiana.

According to the Congressional Budget Office as well, the Democrat's health care plan will increase the cost of Medicare prescription drug premiums by 20 percent in the next decade.

The President said, If you like your current plan, you can keep it. Well, after looking at the Democrats' plan for seniors, I guess he wasn't talking about senior citizens when he said that.

HEALTH CARE

(Mrs. DAVIS of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, no doubt, the national discussion over health care reform has been emotional for all Americans. People from every corner and every background of our country have had a chance to tell their story, to weigh in on this issue.

Many of the stories we have heard from our constituents back home have been personal—they have been heart-breaking—about struggles with the health care system. Those kinds of experiences can sometimes be difficult and they can be emotional to share, but they have played an important part in the conversation.

Because we are starting to see that in our uniquely American way, all of that passion is being channeled to productive change. We are close to bringing forward a potentially life-changing bill.

Just think about what this means. For the first time, millions of uninsured Americans can have access to health insurance and all of us will have health security knowing we can't lose our coverage. Ultimately, voting on reform means voting to give millions of Americans peace of mind.

HEALTH CARE

(Mrs. McMORRIS RODGERS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. McMORRIS RODGERS. Mr. Speaker, this morning I find myself reflecting on a recent town hall meeting where nearly 1,000 people showed up, many of them seniors, and they were not happy. In eastern Washington in my congressional district, it is estimated that 20,000 seniors may lose their health care because of the cuts to Medicare Advantage. H.R. 3200 cuts \$162 billion from that program, and they are cuts that hit especially those who live in rural communities the hardest.

The Obama administration promised Americans that if they liked their doctor, they could keep their doctor; if they liked their health insurance plan, they could keep it. But I guess that doesn't apply to seniors.

These are real cuts to Medicare Advantage, and it will mean canceled insurance policies and higher premiums. For those living on a fixed income, this could mean less money for food, clothing, and shelter.

House Republicans are committed to a step-by-step approach to addressing health care that will start by reducing the cost drivers. We should pass these cost control reforms rather than financing a government takeover on our Seniors.

□ 1215

EDUCATION REFORM

(Ms. HIRONO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. HIRONO. Mr. Speaker, one of the most notable improvements I've seen since the beginning of this administration is the importance the President has placed on education.

I know I'm not alone in recognizing how President Obama and Education